UNIT 3 · GRAMMAR FOCUS 2

Linking two sources

however · whereas · while · in contrast

Notice: Same meaning, different punctuation

These sentences from Lesson 4 compare Hamel's journal and the governor's report. Look at the full stops and commas.

WORD	EXAMPLE
however	Hamel says 36 men lived**. However,** the report says 38 people lived.
in contrast	Hamel says 36 men lived**. In contrast,** the report says 38 people lived.
whereas / while	Hamel says 36 men lived**, whereas** the report says 38 people lived.

PUNCTUATION

. However, **. In contrast,** full stop before, comma after: they start a new sentence.

, whereas **, while** comma before: they join two ideas in one sentence.

Key idea: one connector, two sources. Say what each source says, then show the difference.

Practice: Join the two sources

Join the two ideas with the word in the middle. Check your full stops and commas.

1 Zhou Daguan describes a gold tower.	**whereas**	The photo shows grey stone today.
2 The 1866 map shows one raised road.	**however**	Today's map shows many roads.
3 The Japanese picture was made for ordinary people.	**in contrast**	The American book was written for the US government.

Fix it Each sentence has one punctuation mistake. Write it again correctly.

4 “The photo shows grey stone however Zhou Daguan describes gold.”

5 “The Japanese picture shows a scary ship, in contrast the American picture shows a calm landing.”

Your turn: Compare two sources

Read the grid from Lessons 2 and 3. Write one sentence for each row. Use a different linking word each time.

	SOURCE A	SOURCE B
Terracotta	The clay soldier shows a life-size soldier near the emperor’s tomb.	Sima Qian’s history does not mention the clay soldiers.
Pompeii	The cast shows one person covering their face.	Pliny’s letter describes a big crowd of frightened people.

1 Terracotta:

2 Pompeii:

Check: full stop before However and In contrast. Comma before whereas and while.